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Communicating Air Sensor Data on the AirNow Fire and Smoke Map

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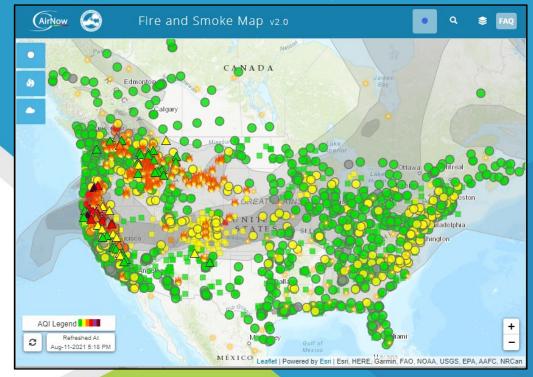
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³US EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards

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Fire.AirNow.gov

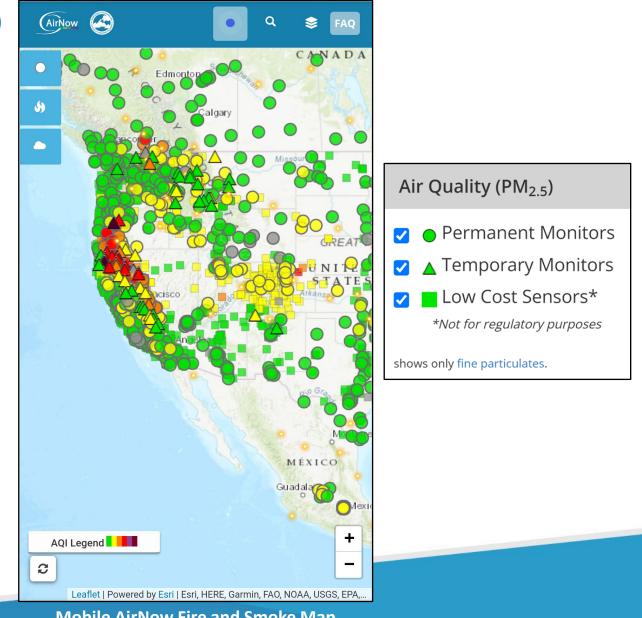


AirNow Fire & Smoke Map

Objective: Provide enhanced air quality information critical during periods of wildland fires and other air pollution events

- Merge multiple sources of information
- Provide higher time resolution data from low-cost air sensors

Effort is a partnership between US Environmental Protection Agency and US Forest Service

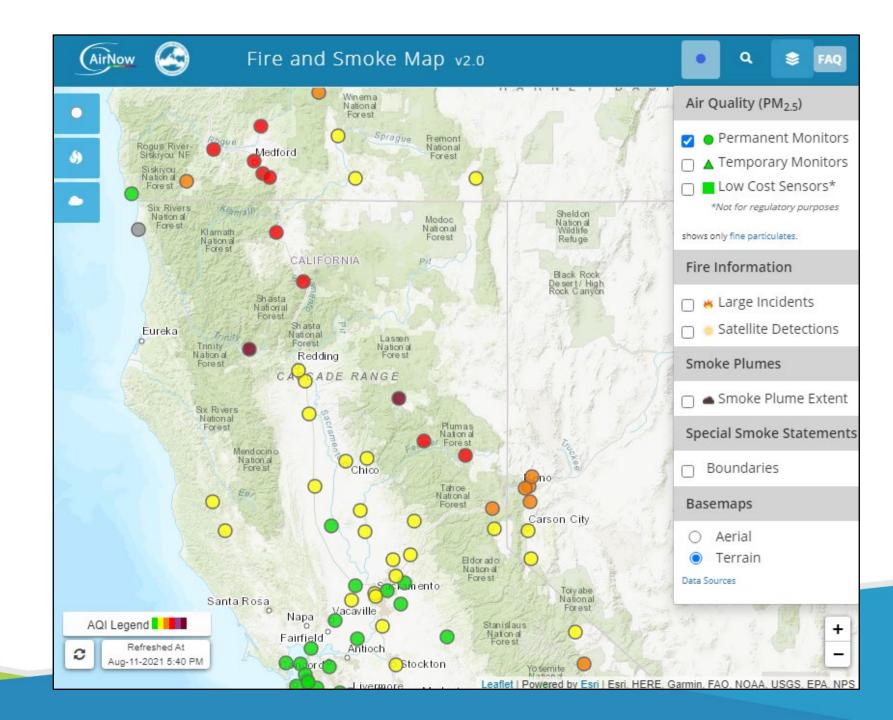




Permanent monitors from AirNow

Federal Equivalent Methods (FEM)





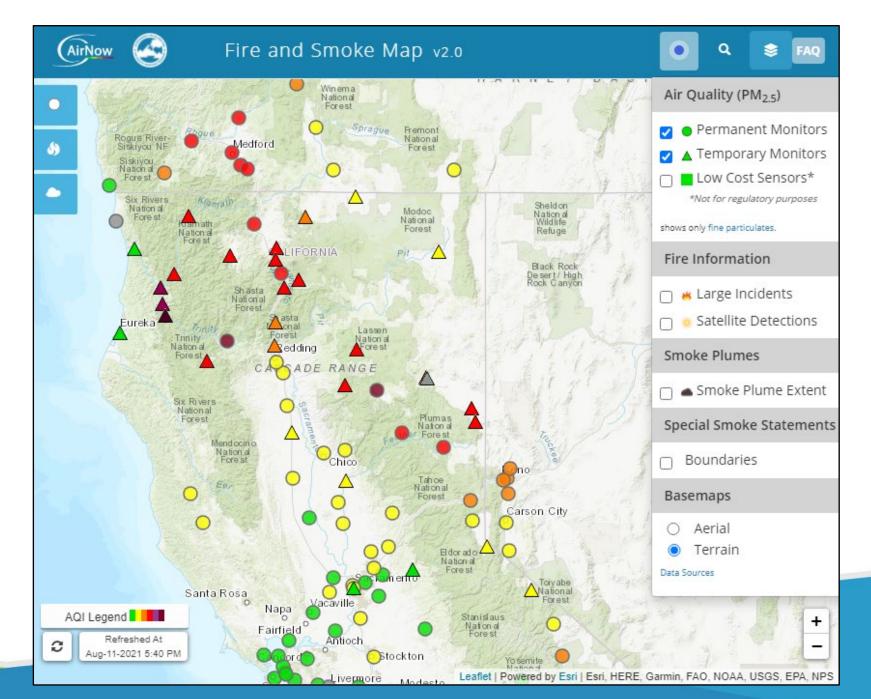


Temporary monitors deployed during smoke events

eBAM/eSampler



MetOne E-BAM



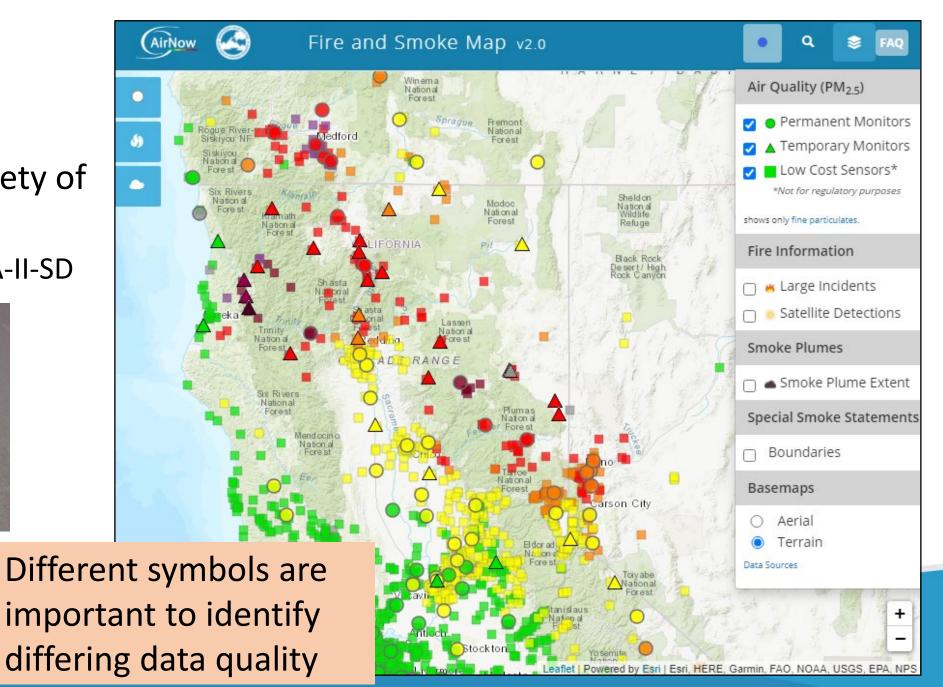


Low-cost sensors deployed by a variety of users

PurpleAir PA-II & PA-II-SD



PurpleAir sensor

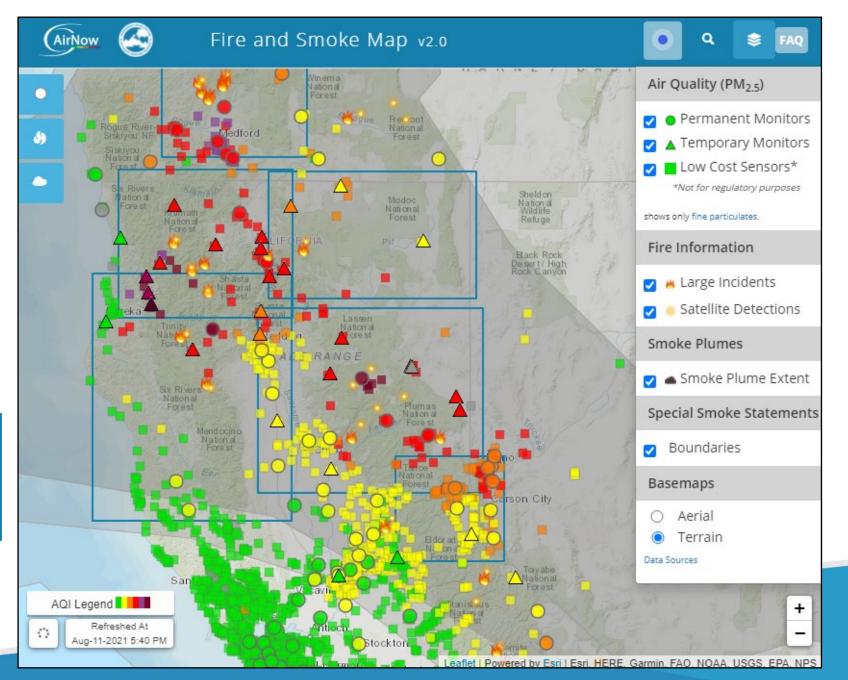


Data Layers

Large Incidents from US National Interagency Fire Center's active incident feed

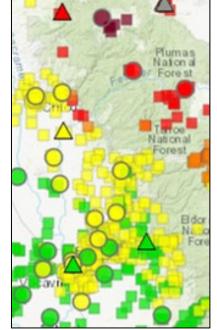
Satellite Detections & Smoke Plumes from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Hazard Mapping System

Special Smoke Statements from Interagency Wildland Fire Air Quality Response Program Air Resource Advisors



PM_{2.5} NowCast AQI

- Markers are colored using the NowCast Air Quality Index (AQI)
 - Grey=offline/unavailable
- NowCast
 - Hourly AQI value based on the previous 12-hours of data
 - Weighted more heavily to the recent data if concentrations are changing quickly
 - Resembles 3-hour average



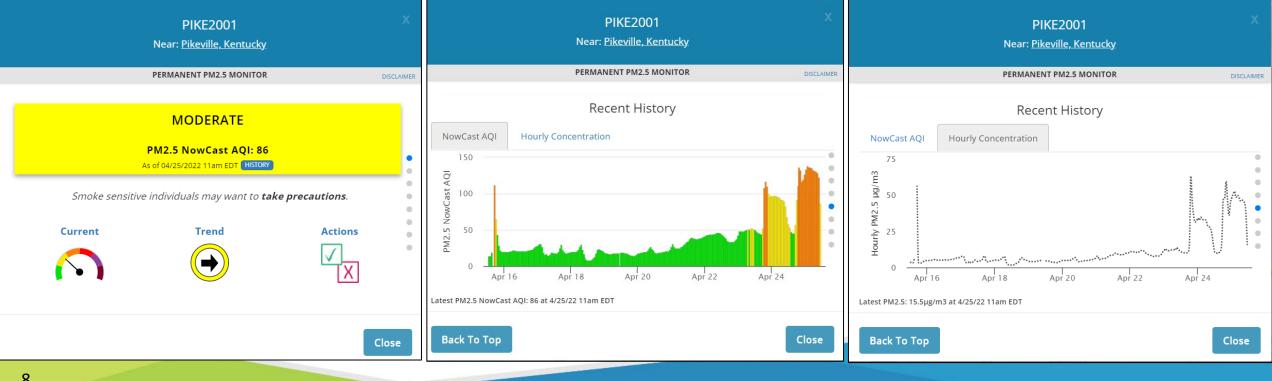
4	C_{low}	C_{high}	I_{low}	I_{high}	Category
5	0	12.0	0	50	Good
	12.1	35.4	51	100	Moderate
	35.5	55.4	101	150	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups
1	55.5	150.4	151	200	Unhealthy
Idor Fore	150.5	250.4	201	300	Very Unhealthy
4	250.5	350.4	301	400	Hazardous
¢	350.5	500.4	401	500	Hazardous

Air Quality Index categories *C* = *Concentration, I* = *Index (AQI)*

Colors give a quick indicator of air quality without needing to understand the numbers and or equate numbers to risk

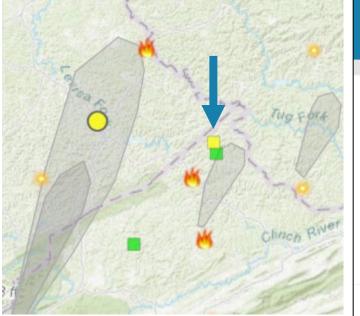
Monitor Specific Information

Clicking on an individual monitor provides additional information on local conditions



Sensor Specific Information

Selected PurpleAir sensor in the Appalachian mountains near the VA/KY/WV border (captured: 4/25/22) NowCast averages help explain health risk by hour over the past week 10-min averages provide the most recent data from the past day to see where the concentration is trending







Data from low-cost sensors may have more uncertainty than monitors. However, comparison with other sensors, monitors, and information on the map can help interpretation.

Recommendations

Actions

	PA_5622 Near: <u>Maple Falls, Washington</u>	х			
	LOW COST PM2.5 SENSOR (PurpleAir)	DISCLAIMER			
	Recommendations				
Current NowCast: U	NHEALTHY	•			
Everyone : Keep outdoor activities light and short, monitor how you feel.					
• Sensitive groups*: Consider moving all activities indoors.					
Go indoors to cleaner air if you don't feel well. Learn more					
<i>*Sensitive groups include people with heart or lung disease, older adults, children, and pregnant women.</i>					
Back To Top	Plain lan	gua			

Current NowCast: **GOOD**

Everyone: It's a good time to open windows or go outdoors.

Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take action especially if you don't feel well.

Current NowCast: MODERATE

Everyone: It's a good time to open windows or go outdoors.

Smoke sensitive Individuals: Consider keeping outdoor activities light and short.

Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take action especially if you don't feel well.

Current NowCast: UNHEALTHY FOR SENSITIVE GROUPS

Everyone: Consider lighter and shorter outdoor activities.

Sensitive groups*: Go indoors if you have symptoms.

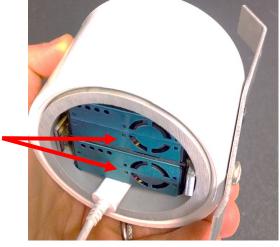
Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take action especially if you don't feel well.

*Sensitive groups include people with heart or lung disease, older adults, children, and pregnant women.

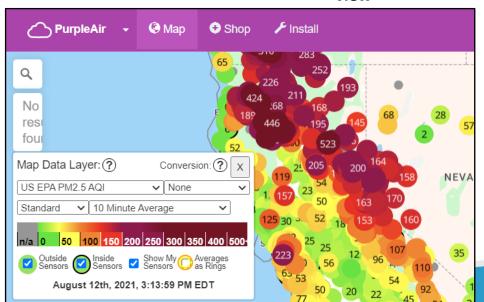
Plain language advice on appropriate actions

Sensors: Challenges

- Data quality assurance methods needed for apples-to-apples comparison with monitors
 - Crowdsourced data (unknown true location)
 - Exclusion when duplicate channels disagree
 - Correction required for bias and RH influence
- Communication: PurpleAir displays their information differently
 - NowCast vs. default 10-min averages



PurpleAir Sensor underside view



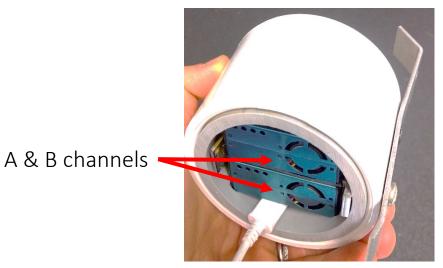
A & B channels

PurpleAir.com/map

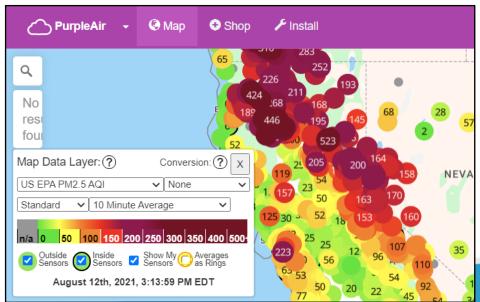
RH: Relative Humidity

Sensors: Benefits

- Add valuable cost-effective spatial information to the map
- Allows users to make decisions from multiple sources



PurpleAir Sensor underside view



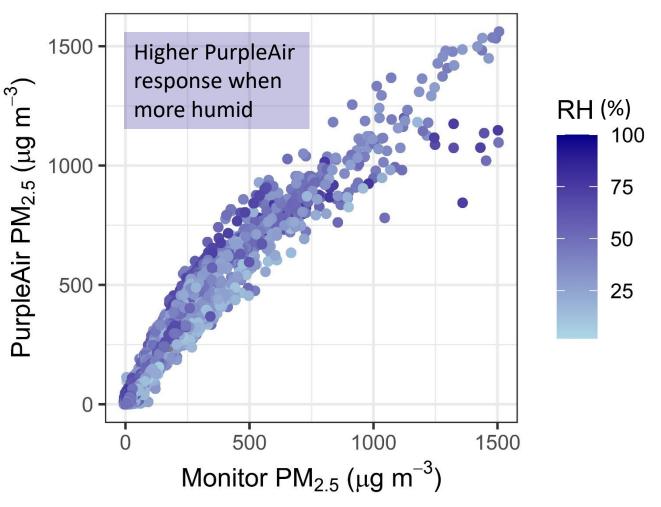
PurpleAir.com/map

Sensor Data Correction for the Fire and Smoke Map

• Fits full range

- Important so that the map can be used during times of the year with and without smoke impacts
- Considers relative humidity (RH) influence
 - Important since monitors measure dry PM_{2.5} and RH can increase light scattering per mass
- Simple is better
 - Want model to be broadly applicable and easy to interpret

PurpleAir monitor pairs from across the US



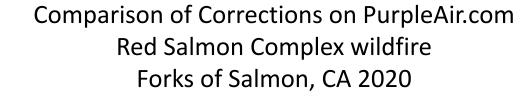
 $PM_{2.5}$ = Fine particulate matter

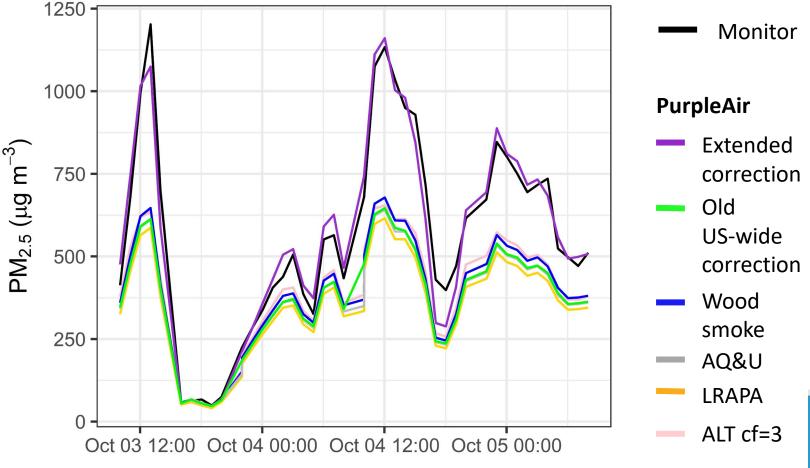
Extended US-wide Correction

• Linear +RH

correction at low concentration transitions to **quadratic fit**

 Better agreement for both ambient and smoke-impacted concentrations





¹⁴ ¹LRAPA – Lane Regional Air Protection Agency ²AQ&U – Air Quality and You

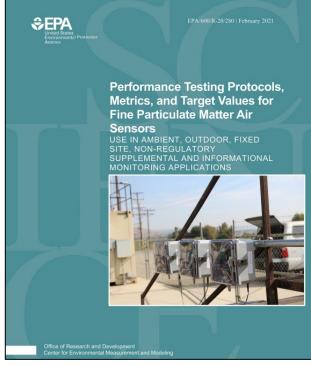
Old US-wide correction almost entirely covers AQ&U

Recommendations for accurate smoke sensor networks

Evaluate sensors alongside monitors

- At 1-hr averages higher time resolution data is important to understand smoke impacts
- At $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations up to 500 μ g/m³
- In areas where the sensors are used across the city, region, or country depending on network size
- Seasonally or more frequently
- See guidance in EPA's Performance Testing Protocols, Metrics, and Target Values Report¹
- **Corrections** may be needed to improve performance
- Precision between sensors of the same type is important
- Monitors may also need additional quality control
 - FEM or temporary smoke monitors

More details: https://www.epa.gov/research-states/howevaluate-air-sensors-smoke-monitoring-webinar-archive



¹US EPA Performance Targets Report: https://www.epa.gov/air-sensortoolbox/air-sensor-performance-targets-and-testing-protocols

AirNow Fire and Smoke Map Team Effort

EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards

- Ron Evans
- John White
- Phil Dickerson
- Lourdes Morales (retired)
- Michelle Wayland
- Rob Wildermann
- Alison Davis
- Susan Stone
- Kristen Benedict

EPA Office of Research and Developement

- Amara Holder
- Andrea Clements
- Karoline Barkjohn
- Gayle Hagler
- Samuel Frederick (Student Services Contractor)

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US Forest Service AirFire

- Sim Larkin
- Stuart Illson (University of Washington)
- Jonathan Callahan (Mazama Science)
- **US Forest Service**
- Pete Lahm

Resources and Contact Information



https://www.epa.gov/air-sensor-toolbox

Additional Questions **Contact:** Barkjohn.Karoline@epa.gov Sensor Performance, Evaluation and Use



- Sensor Evaluation Results
- <u>Standard Operating Procedures for</u>
 <u>Sensors</u>
- Sensor Collocation Guide
- <u>Sensor Performance Targets and Test</u>
 <u>Protocols</u>
- <u>Air Sensor Guidebook</u>
- <u>A Guide to Siting and Installing Air</u>
 <u>Sensors</u>

Understanding Your Sensor Data Readings



- <u>Technical Approaches for the Sensor</u>
 <u>Data on the AirNow Fire and Smoke</u>
 <u>Map</u>
- <u>Videos on Air Sensor Measurement,</u>
 <u>Data Quality and Interpretation</u>
- RETIGO: Visualize Your Field Data
- <u>Sensor Collocation Macro Analysis</u>
 <u>Tool</u>
- <u>Air Quality Information Exchange</u>
 <u>Workgroup Meeting Summaries</u>

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Session Q&A Discussion

Please submit your questions for the session speakers through Whova – on your mobile device or laptop.

Make sure to note WHOM your question should be addressed to.

