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- Air quality sensor-based systems: Challenges and Issues
- Considerations: Air quality network

- Uses cases:
 - Spain
 - Ethiopia
 - Formula E Germany
 - India

AIR QUALITY SENSOR-BASED SYSTEMS- ISSUES & CHALLENGES





Quality Assurance (QA) - appropriate calibration ensures that data monitored are robust and accurate. Quality Control (QC) - monitoring the long-term performance to ensure it remains calibrated and help notify the user when it needs to be corrected, removed or re-calibrated.

Snyder et al., 2013 "Data of poor of unknown quality is less useful than no data since it can lead to wrong decisions".

AIR QUALITY SENSOR-BASED SYSTEMS- ISSUES & CHALLENGES





- Important to develop and refine new scalable calibration and quality control approaches.
- Proper QA&QC procedures allow users to better understand the quantitative capabilities and are resourceefficient → keep the overall cost of the network operation low.
- **Developing, optimizing, and refining advanced techniques for sensor calibration and validation** is essential to obtain reliable and meaningful data.



Correct installation and **maintenance** to ensure the proper performance of the devices and the quality of the data.



- ✓ Usability → easy of use, reduced maintenance
- ✓ Portability → autonomy, mass and volume (Form factor)



A guide for mapping hyperlocal air pollution to drive clean air action



Two major questions arise when you start designing your monitoring effort: What sensor systems should you use? and What monitoring approach should you take?

EDF

SELECTING MONITORING EQUIPMENT

The monitor sensors you choose to add to your network will depend on:

- the pollutant(s) you want to measure
- the data quality
- the budget you can devote to purchase and maintain the equipment.





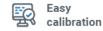
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N.	Easy & Fast
2	installation

Cartridges R system





Air quality platform -

Multi pollutant

+



0 Fully autonomous <u>e</u>l

Real-time data



Add environmental sensors

Examples:

- Solar Panel vs. Main Electrical Network ٠
- Solar Panel Dimensions •
- Easy&Fast installation vs. Difficult deployment in field •





Devices: 10 Kunak AIR Pro stations + sound level meters + information screens

Measurement parameters:

- SO₂, NO_x, O₃, CO and particles (PM1, PM2.5 and PM10)
- Noise level.
- Temperature, relative humidity and atmospheric pressure.
- Wind speed and direction.





- AQ data diffusion to citizens
- Civil engineering work. Poles installation.
- Public electrical network spots
- Lack of concern about the O&M of the network
- Public tender fixed price

SOLUTIONS

- AQ data accessible from web portal and screens.
- National Project
- Powered by public electric bikes chargers
- Operation and Maintenance Service in remote
- Price not adaptable for improvements









Devices: 5 Kunak AIR A14 stations

Measurement parameters:

- NO₂, O₃ and particles (PM1, PM2.5 and PM10)
- Temperature, relative humidity and atmospheric pressure.
- Wind speed and direction.

CHALLENGES

- Not Official Reference
 Stations
- High temperature and humidity conditions
- Low budget

SOLUTIONS

- Factory calibration against reference standards
- Remote baseline and sensitivity correction
- Kunak temp/RH correction algorithm
- Automatic maintenance of the network (not technician hours)





United Nations Environment Programme





Devices: 5 Kunak AIR PRO stations

Measurement parameters:

- CO, NO₂, O₃, SO₂ and particles (PM1, PM2.5 and PM10)
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SOLUTIONS

 Fast deployment (1 week project)

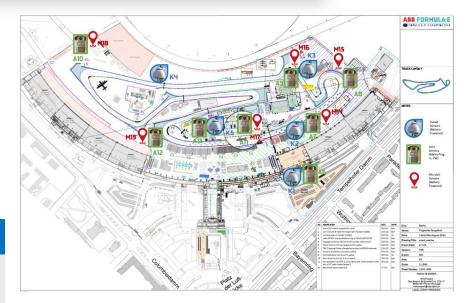
CHALLENGES

- Electrical network not fully accessible
- Not RS data for calibration
- Pilot Project (low budget)

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Plug&Play installation

- Solar panel (small dimensions)
- Factory calibration against reference standards
- Remote baseline and sensitivity correction





Session 5D: Standard, Supplemental and Informational Monitoring Friday 13th May - 9:50 AM-12:10 PM

How can non-exhaust motorsports events improve urban air quality in cities with hyper-local monitoring?

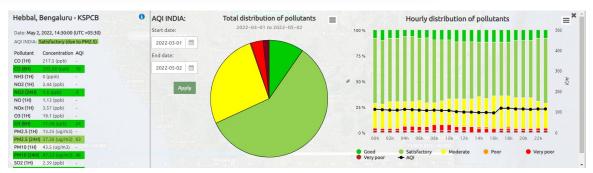




Devices: 5 Kunak AIR PRO stations Official Air Quality Stations

Measurement parameters:

- CO, NO₂, O₃, SO₂ and particles (PM1, PM2.5 and PM10)
- Temperature, relative humidity and atmospheric pressure.
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CHALLENGES

• Temperature >40°C

SOLUTIONS

- Kunak temp/RH correction
 algorithm
- AQ data diffusion to citizens
- New country

- RS web widget development
- Local partner help

AQI INDIA layer 🛛 🗙

The marker colour indicates the level of air quality based on the Air Quality Index (AQI) at a given moment indicated by the temporal scroll located at the bottom of the page.











- Visualize the operation of the equipment and the data obtained → to monitor the health of the network and the status of the devices.
- **Detect errors and anomalies** in the devices and data **immediately**, consult them, and invalidate the data if needed.
- **Detect** that the gas and particle sensors need **calibration** and allow the **calibration remotely**.
- Availability of a validation tool for **validating and invalidating the data remotely**, to have reliable data for advanced analysis.
- A Computer-based Maintenance Management System → to facilitate network maintenance.
 - maintenance tasks
 - uploading of images and documents
 - access to configuration history, logbook, etc.



Advanced platform for air quality networks remote management and noise levels analysis





Data visualization



Data integration



- Remote device configuration
- Warnings and alarms
- Calibration tools



CMMS (Computerized maintenance management system)



Validation tool



Analysis tool



Automatic reports





Devices: 10 Kunak AIR Pro stations + sound level meters + information screens

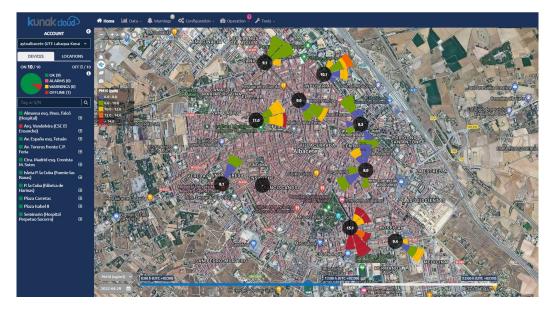
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Unión Europea









Devices: 5 Kunak AIR A14 stations

Measurement parameters:

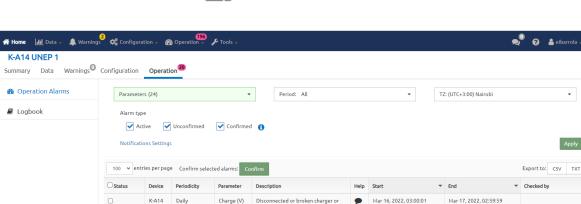
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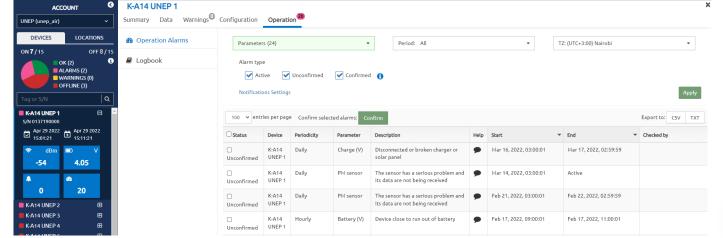
environment

Environment Programme

United Nations



Warnings and alarms







Devices: 5 Kunak AIR PRO stations

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How can non-exhaust motorsports events improve urban air quality in cities with hyper-local monitoring?



Analysis tool





Devices: 5 Kunak AIR PRO stations Official Air Quality Stations

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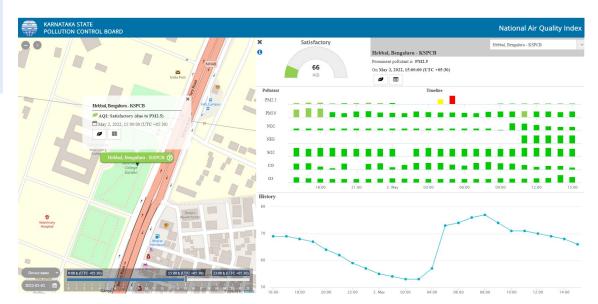
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- Temperature, relative humidity and atmospheric pressure.
- Wind speed and direction.







Data integration



https://kunakcloud.com/dashboards/india/karnataka.html



Considerations when deploying a sensor-based air quality network

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