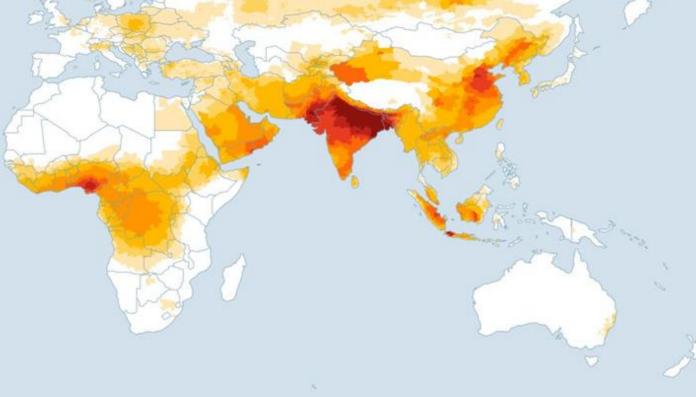


Pakistan has some of the worst air pollution in the world.





This global air pollution hotspot has very limited research from the academic community.

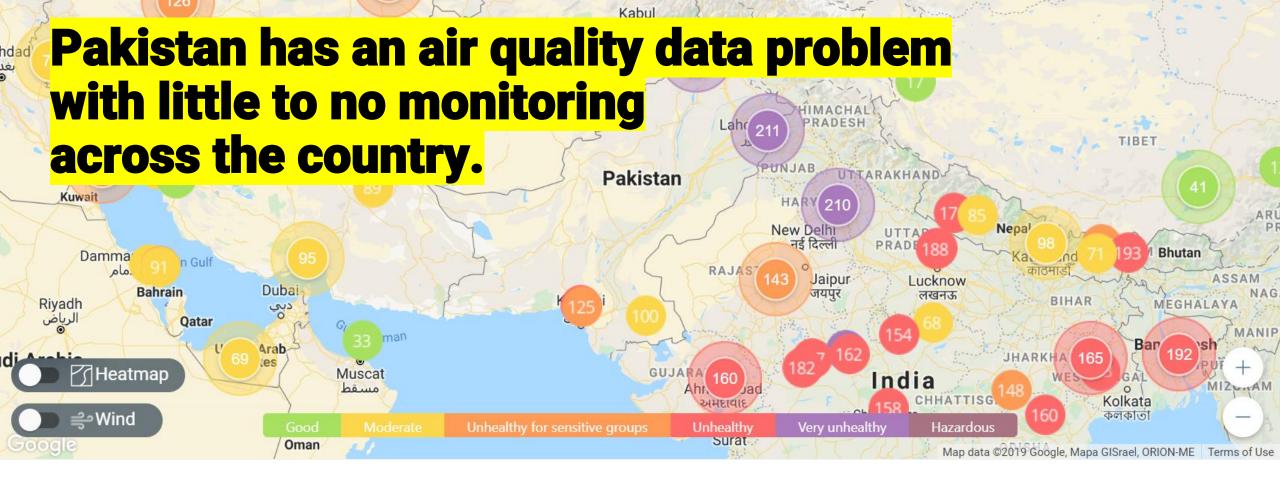
Map: Air Quality Life Index by the Energy Policy Institute at the University of Chicago (EPIC).

2007 200

18 200







- **Governments** worldwide are mandated to monitor air quality, not for the sake of data, but for creating and evaluating policy to meet and enforce environmental standards.
- Monitoring air pollution is key to reducing its prevalence and health impact.
- Data in real-time puts a magnifying glass on air pollution, helping create a cleaner environment
 when citizens can react to their local air pollution, and also evaluate impact of emission-reduction policy.

How we started:Open Air Quality Data on Twitter





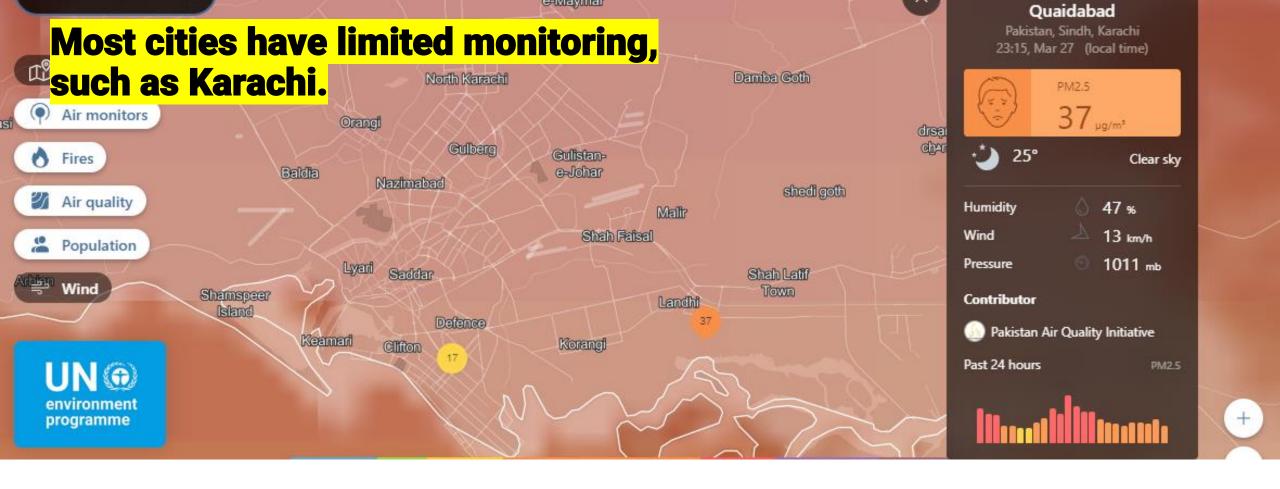
- PAQI started as a curiosity to understand more about the air in Pakistan, with the first monitor in 2016 tweeting hourly air quality data (inspired by @BeijingAir).
- Hourly tweets of PM2.5 values were initially ignored by the media as 'it's not news until it's breaking news.'
- First media coverage by the New York Times when PM2.5 levels reached 1,077 μg/m³ in November 2017, calling smog the 'Fifth Season' in Lahore.



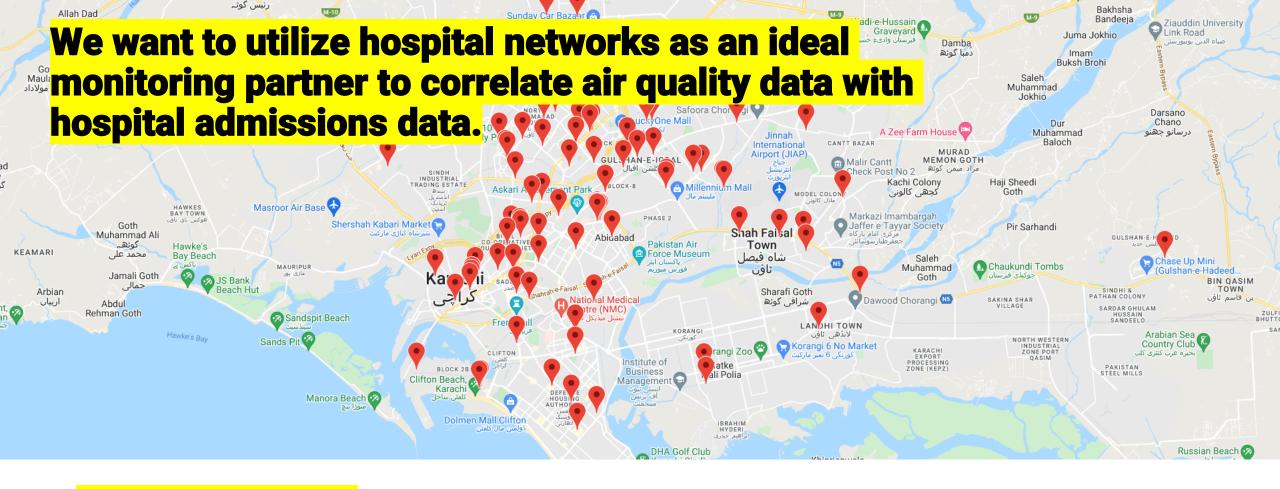
- Availability of real-time data through the IQAir/UNEP AirVisual website and app has helped create a grassroots citizen movement. Initial monitors were self-funded by the Pakistan Air Quality Initiative, and the rest are funded and hosted by concerned citizens and corporations.
- More low-cost monitors are required to achieve coverage density, enabling empowered public to fight air pollution, enabling researchers and policy-makers to further the fight on air pollution.
- Reference-standard and multi-pollutant monitoring is required to take this to the next steps.



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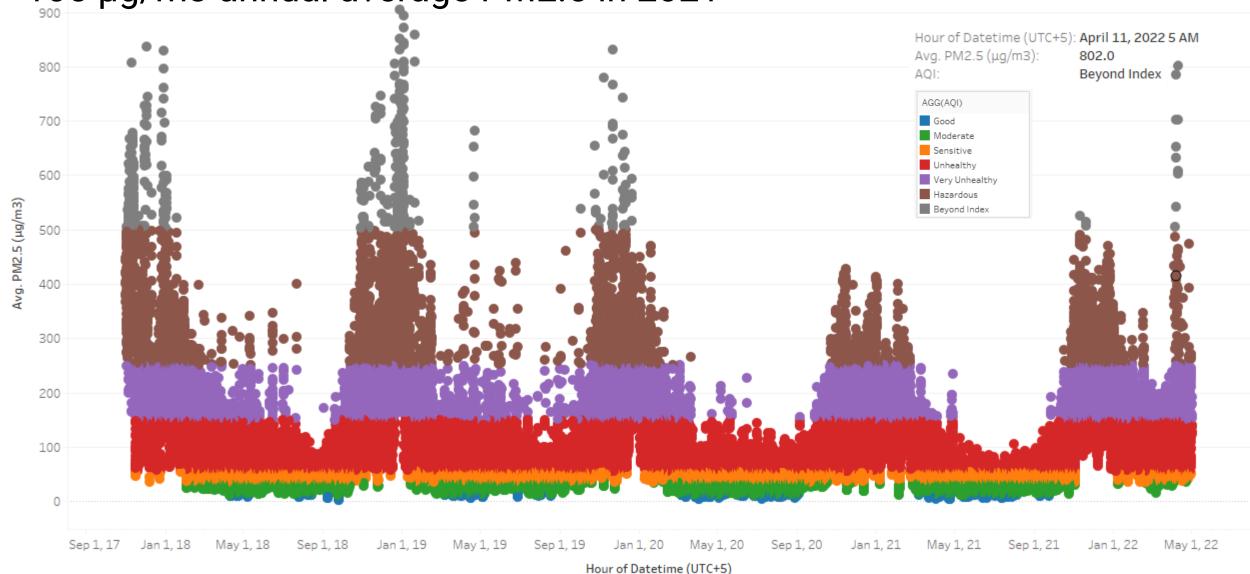


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- Potential project partners in the healthcare sector to correlate air quality data with hospital admissions data:
 - SINA Health, Education and Welfare Trust, 30 potential locations
 - The Aga Khan University Hospitals, Medical Centers and Clinical Laboratories, 100 potential locations

Open-data on Lahore's air pollution problem

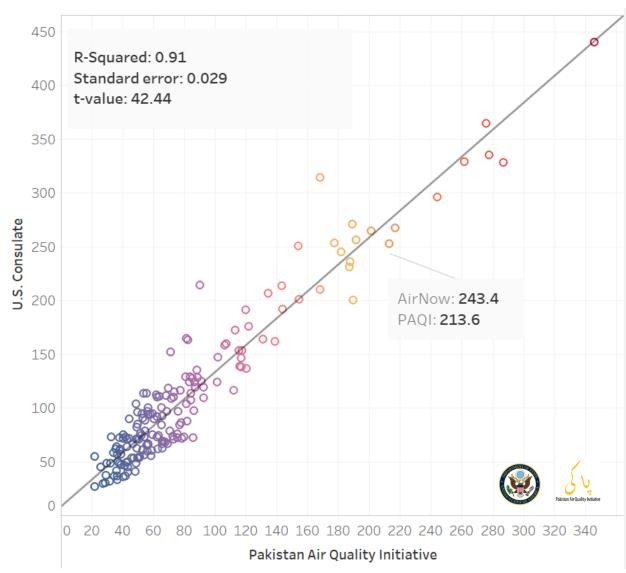


105 µg/m3 annual average PM2.5 in 2021



Open-data on Lahore's air pollution problemPAQI low-cost sensor data show excellent correlation





PAQI low-cost sensor data show excellent correlation with U.S. Consulate's reference-standard PM2.5 monitors for the 24-hour city average from May-November 2019:

R-Squared: 0.91

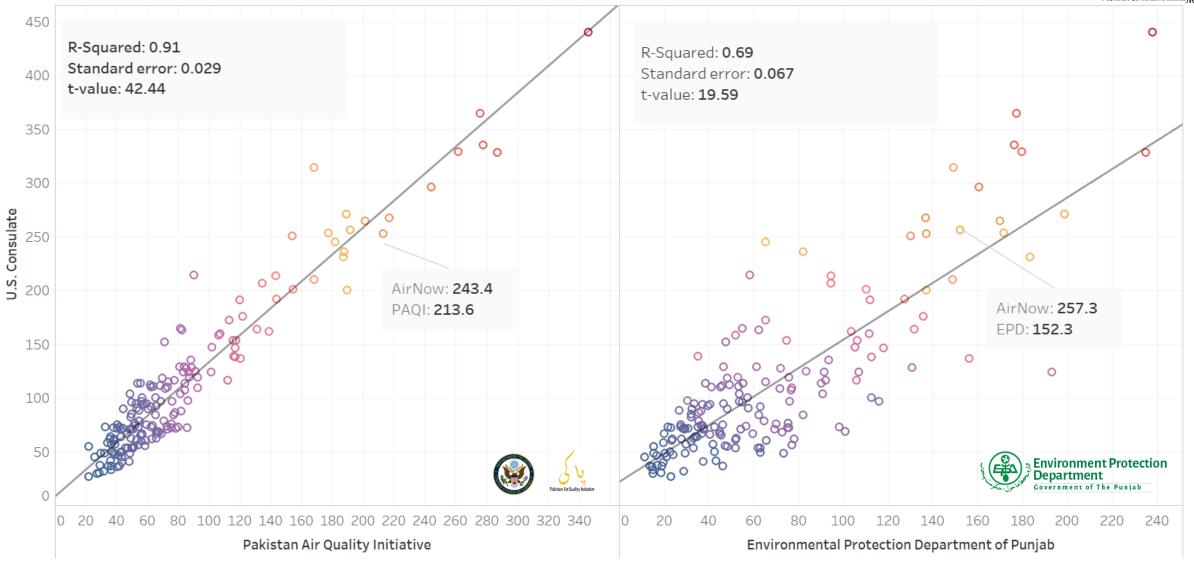
Standard error: 0.029

t-value: 42.44

Data source: Pakistan Air Quality Initiative (PAQI), the Environmental Protection Department, Government of Punjab (EPD), and U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) AirNow, reported as concentration of particulate matter of 2.5 micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m³).

Open-data on Lahore's air pollution problemPAQI low-cost sensor data show excellent correlation



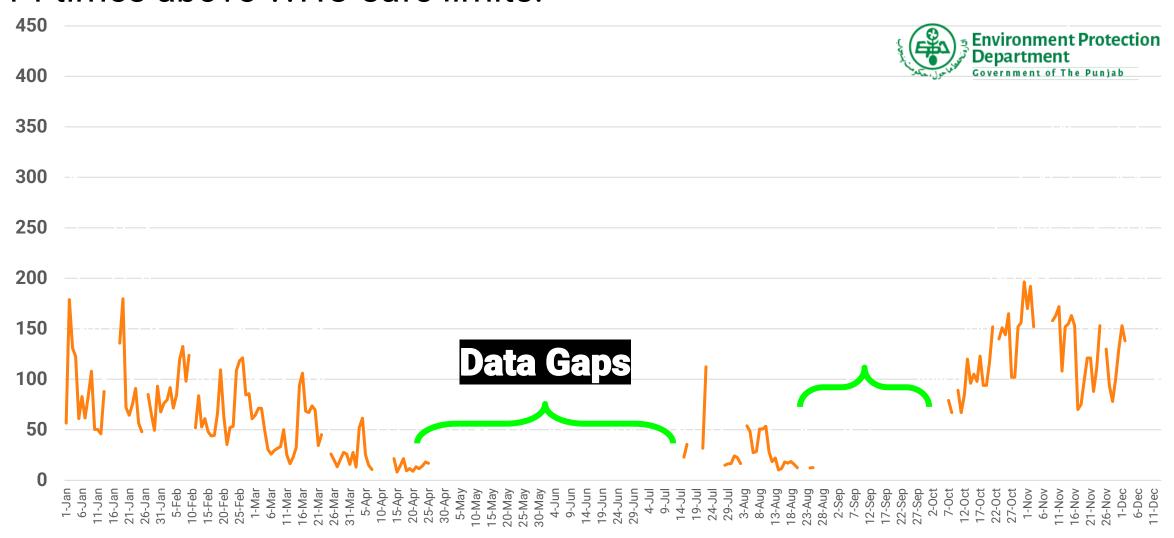


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Open-data on Lahore's air pollution problem

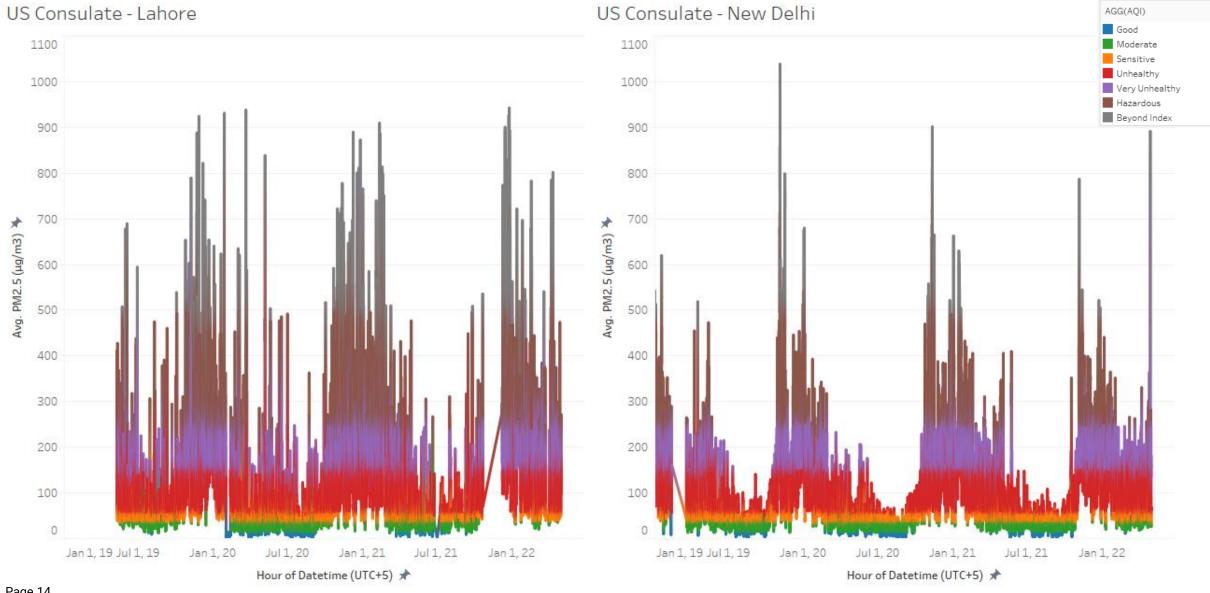
EPD reports 70 μg/m3 of fine particulate matter 14 times above WHO safe limits!





Data source: Pakistan Air Quality Initiative (PAQI), the Environmental Protection Department, Government of Punjab (EPD), and U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) AirNow, reported as concentration of particulate matter of 2.5 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³).

Lahore is more polluted than **New Delhi!** Data from US Consulate's BAM monitors









How to engage and develop a community of citizen scientists to deploy, maintain and manage air quality sensors in a decentralized network.



Social media

- Post original content!
 Anyone can re-tweet, like or re-post.
- Primary research
 Citizen scientists add value by creating and spreading new information through open data.
- Network!
 Connect with fellow citizen scientists and "real" scientists to gain expertise in your area.

Traditional media

Engage
 Plan regular outreach and interactions.

Validate

Traditional media is looking for validated and original new stories, it's up to you to convince them that your air inequality story is worth sharing.

Community

Meetups!

Plan regular outreach and interactions, organize meetups, talks, events.

Schools & Universities
 Workshops and dialogues at schools and universities help engage new citizen scientists.

Government

The government is your friend... try to find a meaningful engagement with policy-makers to champion your cause.



We need you.



We are literally drowning in smog without your help.

Thick Air II, a sculpture by Ali Baba shown at the Smog Show, December 2021.

How can the ASIC community help?



- More academic research focused on Pakistan.
- Help us in statistical analysis to publish our LCS data in an academic journal to make it more reachable.

 More low-cost monitors are required to achieve coverage density, enabling empowered public to fight air pollution, enabling researchers and policy-makers to further the fight on air pollution. Help us expand the network across Pakistan.

 Collaborate with local institutions for reference-standard BAM monitors to help with co-location studies in the three major cities.

- Help us get a few multi-pollutant monitors to develop a more comprehensive understanding of air pollution (the <u>SENSIT RAMP</u> is a viable low-cost air quality monitoring platform).
- Collaborate with a local research institution in developing emissions inventory and source apportionment studies.

135,000 deaths per year are attributed to ambient air pollution in Pakistan.



Source: Cohen et al. (2017) Estimates and 25-year trends of the global burden of disease attributable to ambient air pollution: an analysis of data from the Global Burden of Diseases Study 2015. The Lancet, 389 (10082) Retrived from https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(17)30505-6

Thank you.







Air Sensors International Conference

Community-driven open-data on Pakistan's air pollution problem. This presentation was shared at the Air Sensors International Conference 2022 Session 1D: Community Air Sensor Use on May 11-13, 2022. Please contact Abid Omar of the Pakistan Air Quality Initiative for any questions or comments at abidomar@pakairquality.com.

Pakistan Air Quality InitiativeAbout us





About our founder

Abid Omar has a social mission: how can I help improve the environment of Pakistan? He sees the air pollution emergency in Pakistan as a silver lining — an opportunity to drive environmental awareness and change that will clean up Pakistan for good.

A key indicator of environmental issues is pollution that affects our daily lives, specifically air pollution. He found but there is no data for this, so he founded the Pakistan Air Quality Initiative to monitor air quality in across major urban areas of Pakistan and to provide awareness for air quality and air pollution issues, and therefore provide impetus for change.

His day job is in the technical textiles and filtration industries.



About the Pakistan Air Quality Initiative

The Pakistan Air Quality Initiative (PAQI پاکی) provides crowdsourced air quality data for Pakistan. PAQI is a community-driven initiative to set up low-cost, real-time monitors to capture air quality data and thereby increase social awareness. PAQI provides tools and information people need to thrive in polluted environments.

The Pakistan Air Quality Initiative was founded in 2016, and is a grassroots community organization.

hello@pakairquality.com +92 300 201 8617

5-3-1 Sector 15, Korangi Industrial Area Karachi 74900, Pakistan

Media Coverage International



The New York Times THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.















THE DIPLOMAT









Selected media coverage for work done by or data provided by the Pakistan Air Quality Initiative.