

Communicating Air Sensor Data on the AirNow Fire and Smoke Map

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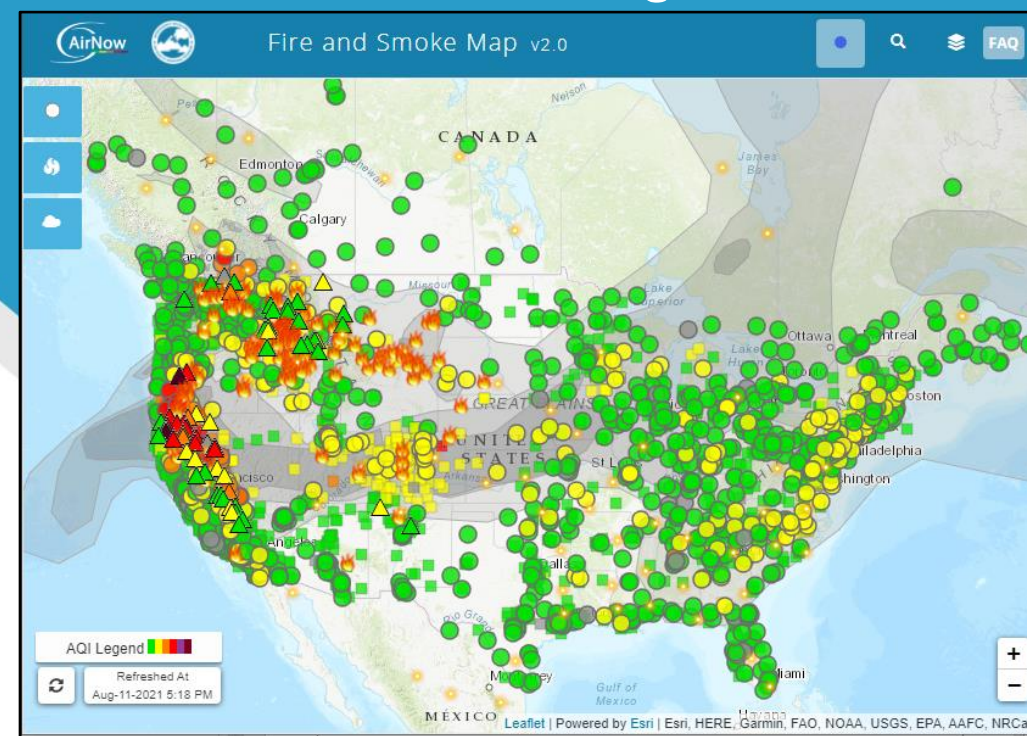
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Center for Environmental Measurement and Modeling,
Air Methods and Characterization Division

Fire.AirNow.gov



Air Sensors International Conference
Communication Strategies for Understanding, Insight, and Action

May 12th, 2022

ASIC India Webinar

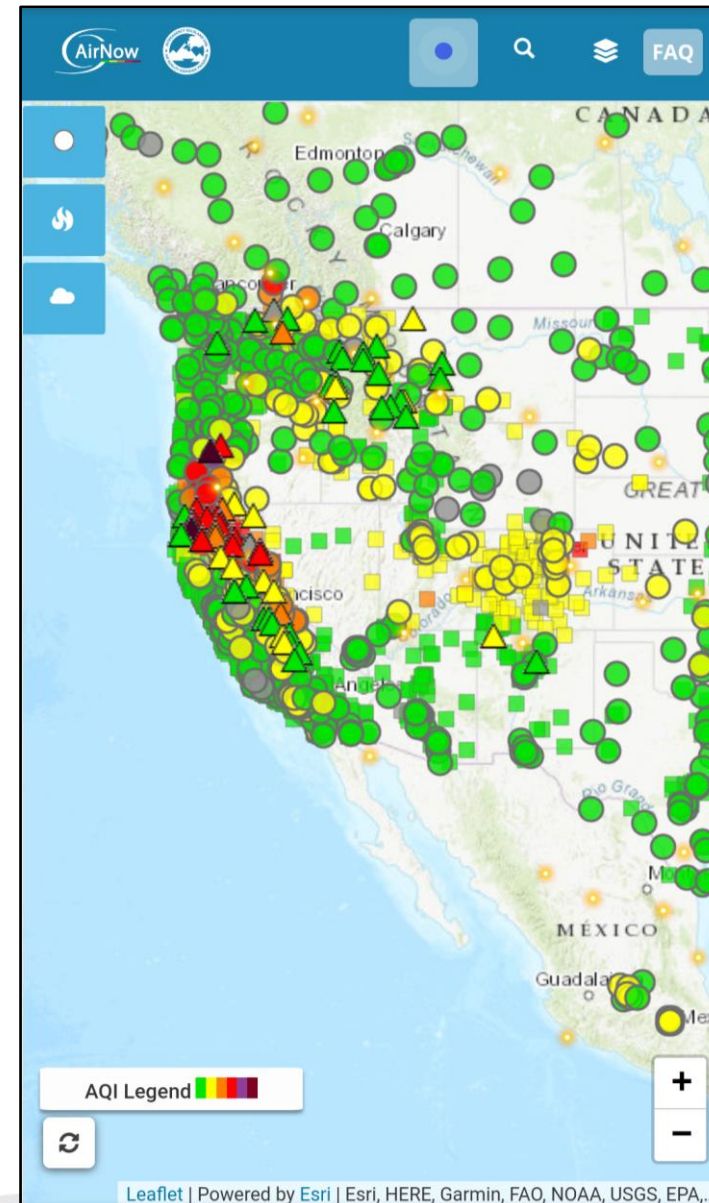
Nov 30th, 2022

AirNow Fire & Smoke Map

Objective: Provide enhanced air quality information critical during periods of wildland fires and other air pollution events

- Merge multiple sources of information
- Provide higher time resolution data from low-cost air sensors

Effort is a partnership between US Environmental Protection Agency and US Forest Service



Mobile AirNow Fire and Smoke Map

(Captured: 8/11/21)

Data Layers

Permanent monitors from AirNow

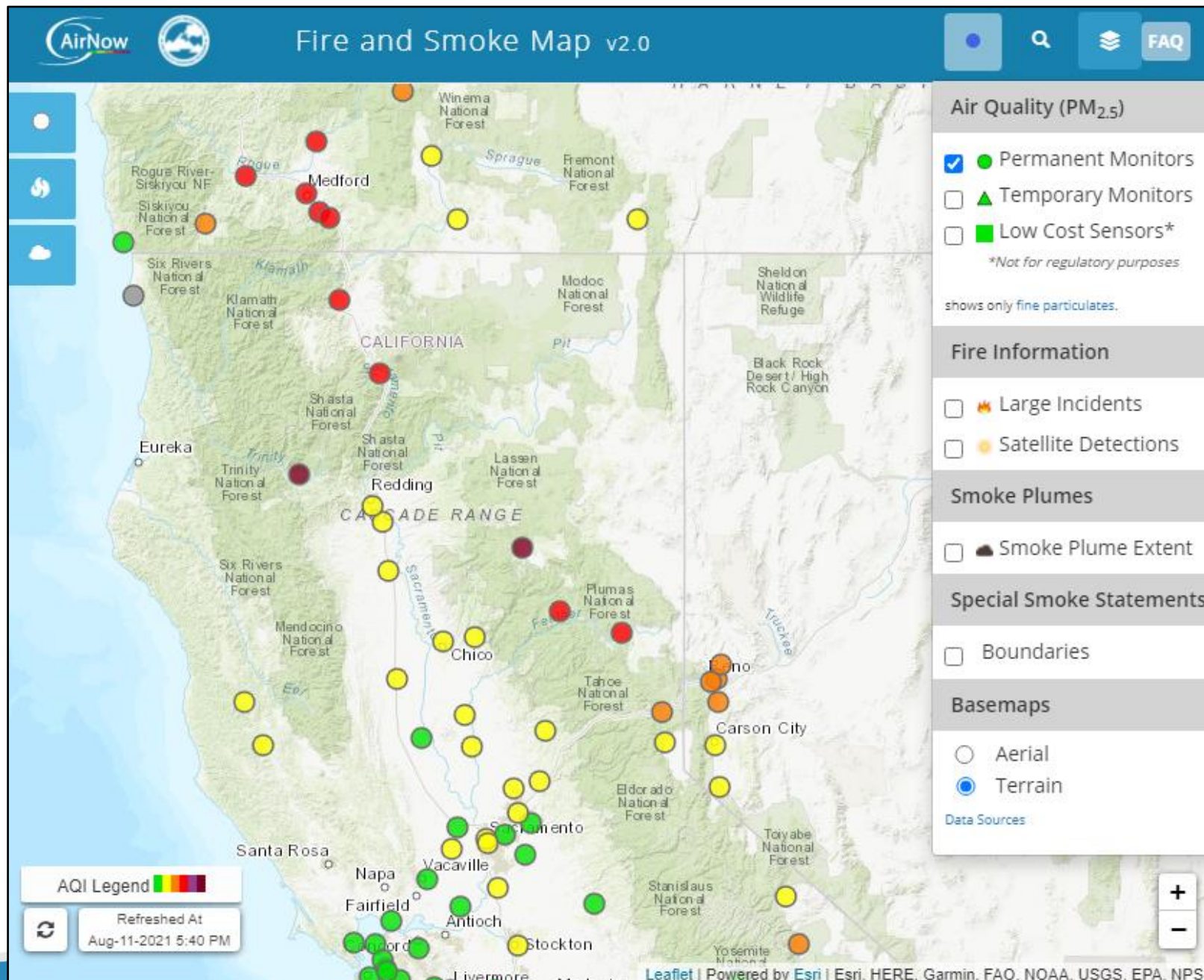
- Federal Equivalent Methods (FEM)



**MetOne
BAM-1020**



**Teledyne API
T640 / T640x**



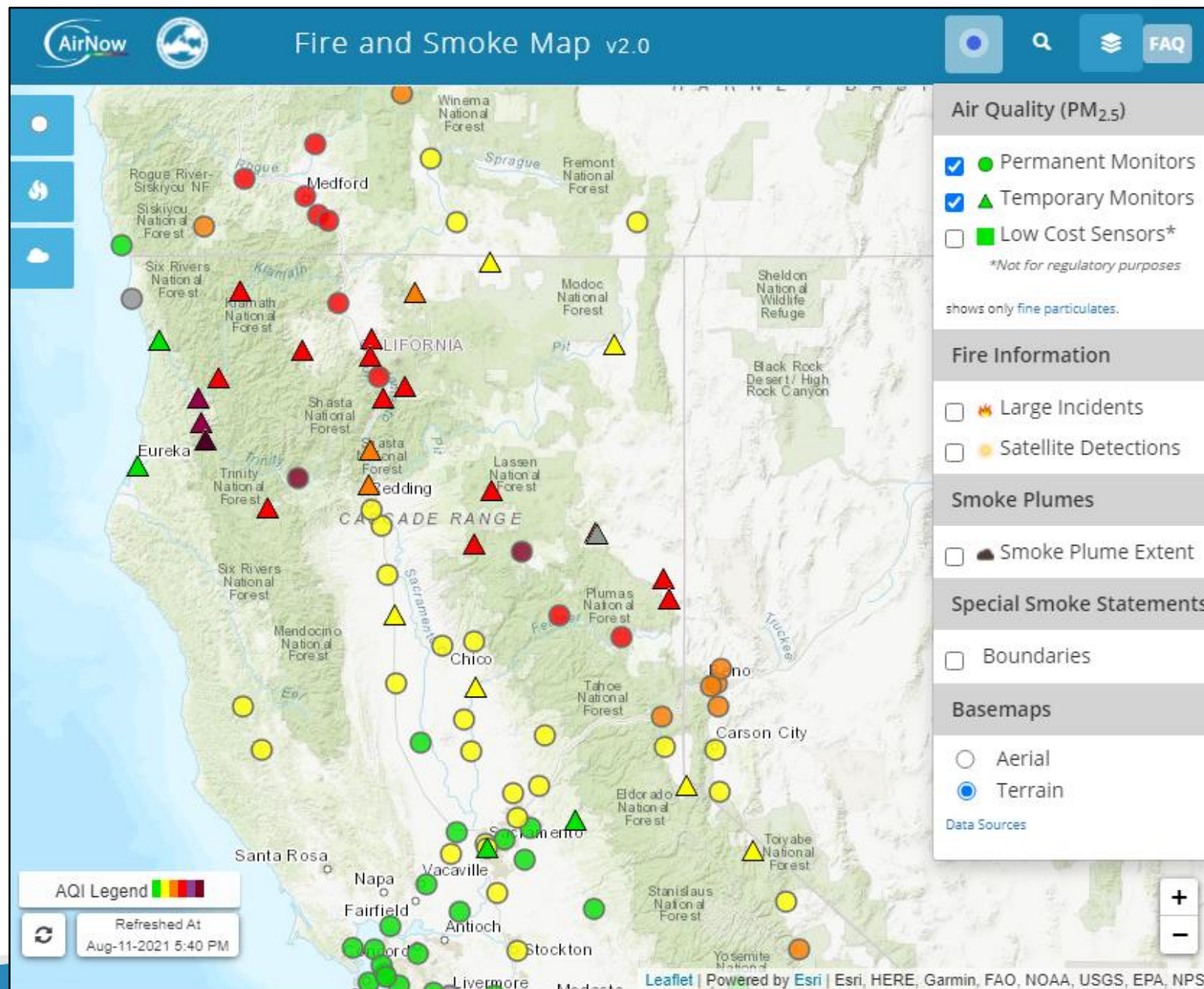
Data Layers

Temporary monitors
deployed during smoke
events

▲ eBAM/eSampler



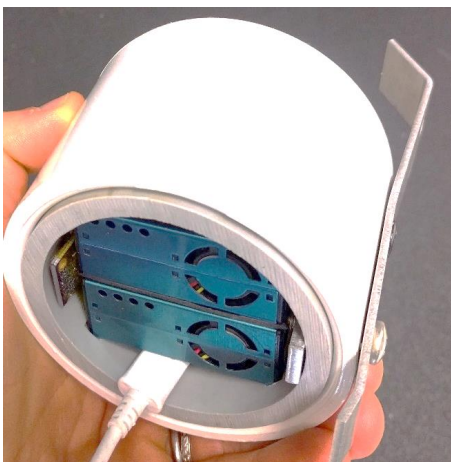
MetOne E-BAM



Data Layers

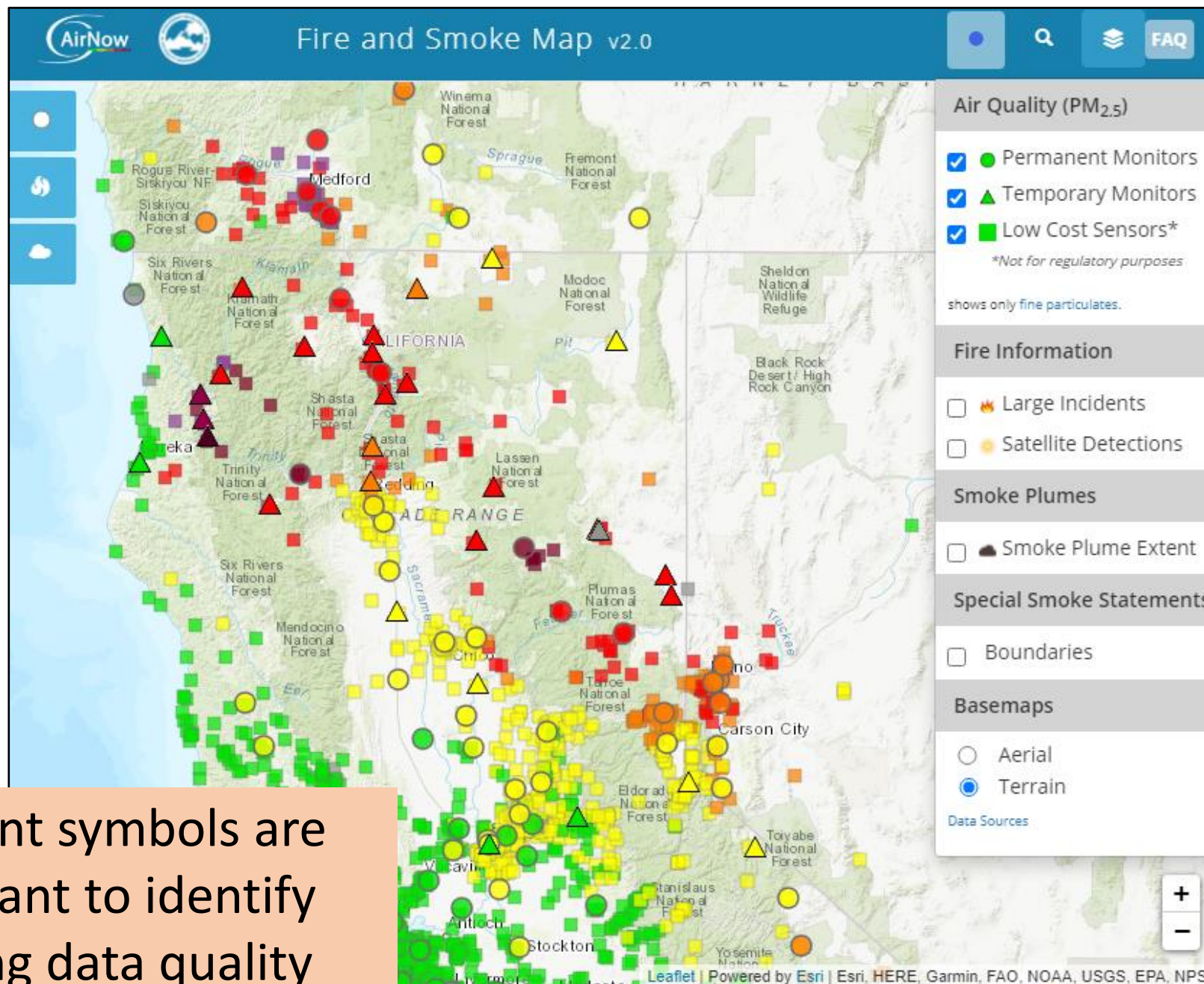
Low-cost sensors
deployed by a variety of
users

■ PurpleAir PA-II & PA-II-SD





PurpleAir sensor

Different symbols are
important to identify
differing data quality

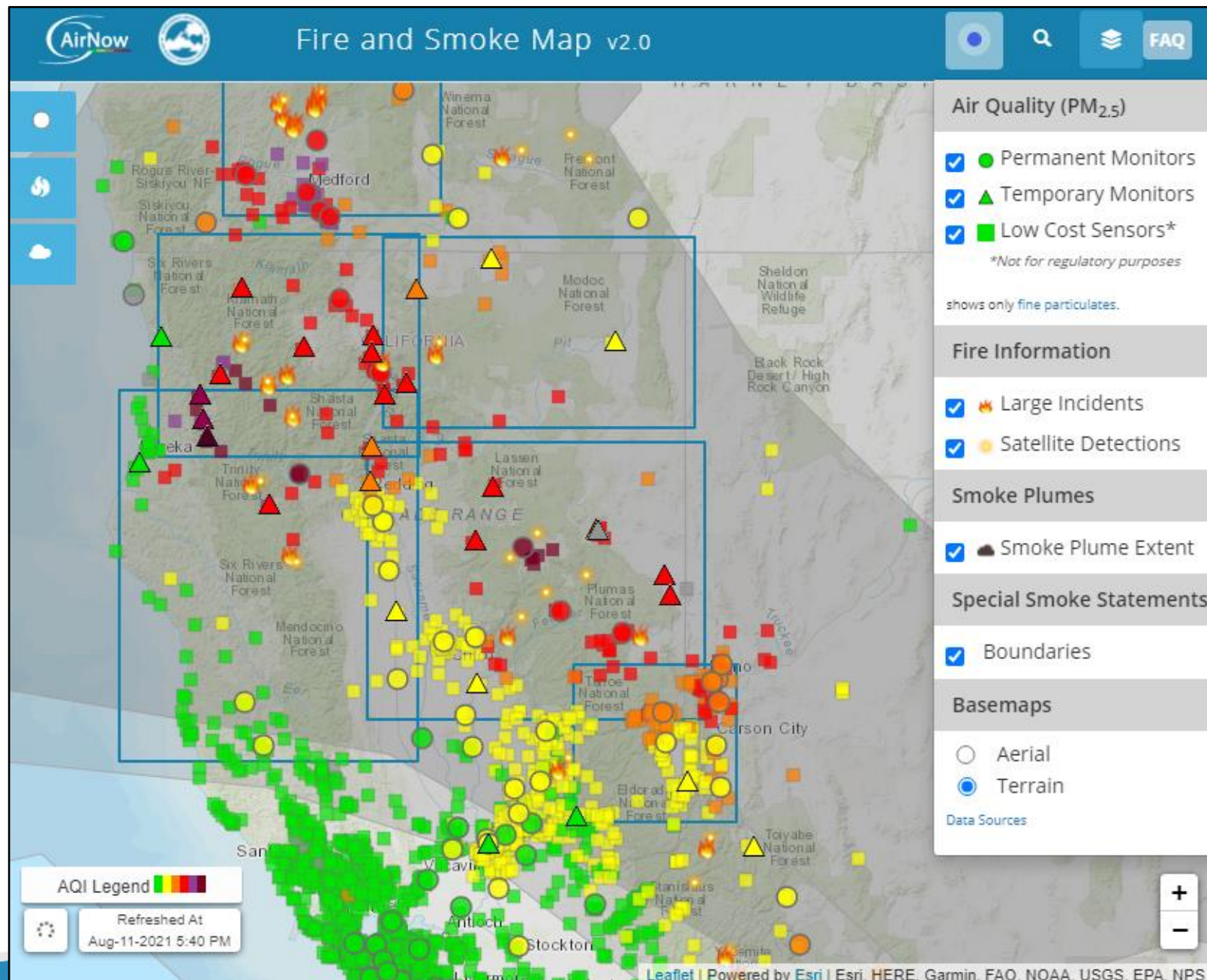


Data Layers

 **Large Incidents** from US National Interagency Fire Center's active incident feed

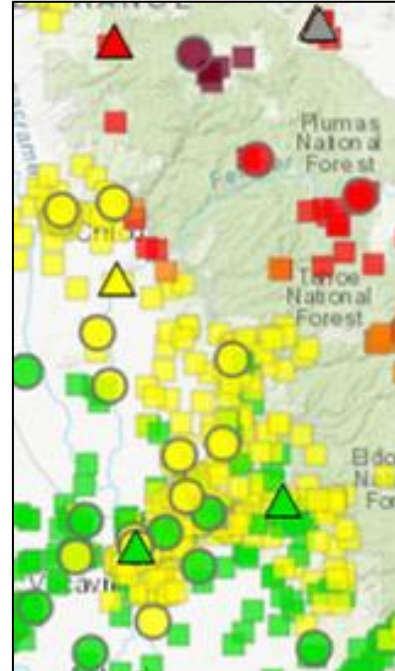
 **Satellite Detections & Smoke Plumes** from National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) Hazard Mapping System

Special Smoke Statements from Interagency Wildland Fire Air Quality Response Program Air Resource Advisors



PM_{2.5} NowCast AQI

- Markers are colored using the NowCast Air Quality Index (AQI)
 - Grey=offline/unavailable
- NowCast
 - Hourly AQI value based on the previous 12-hours of data
 - Weighted more heavily to the recent data if concentrations are changing quickly
 - Resembles 3-hour average



C_{low}	C_{high}	I_{low}	I_{high}	Category
0	12.0	0	50	Good
12.1	35.4	51	100	Moderate
35.5	55.4	101	150	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups
55.5	150.4	151	200	Unhealthy
150.5	250.4	201	300	Very Unhealthy
250.5	350.4	301	400	Hazardous
350.5	500.4	401	500	Hazardous

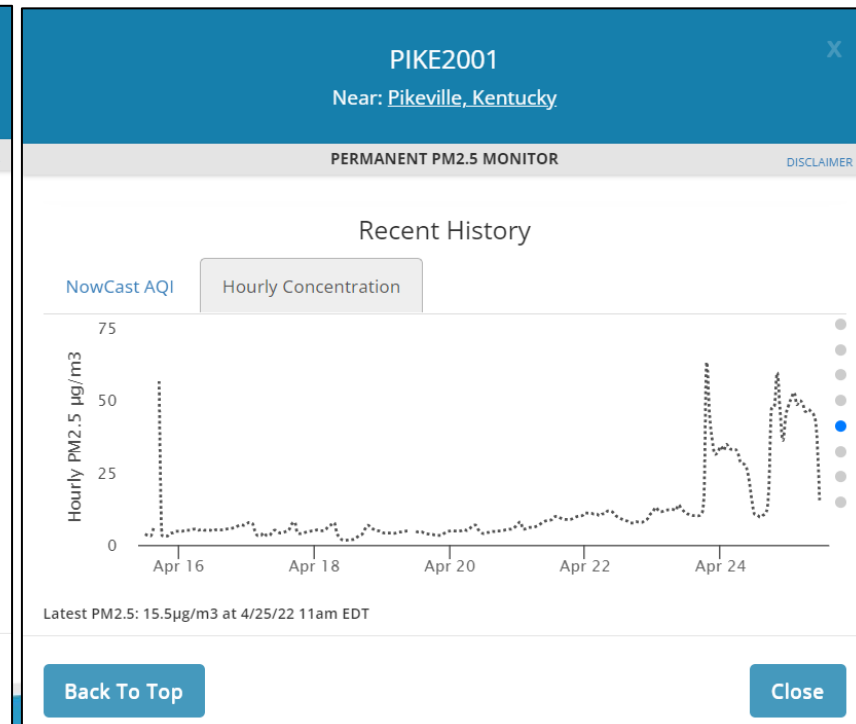
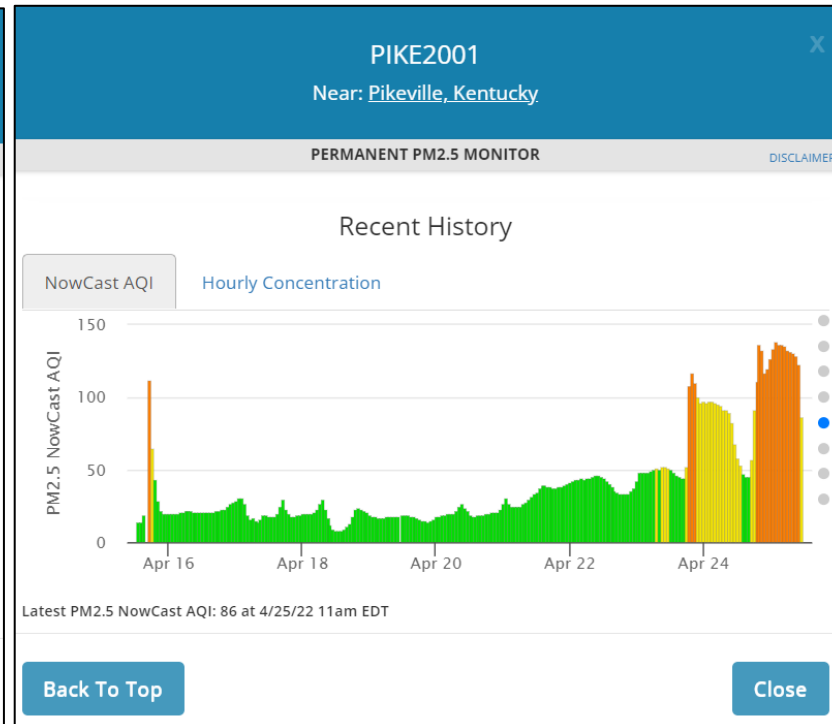
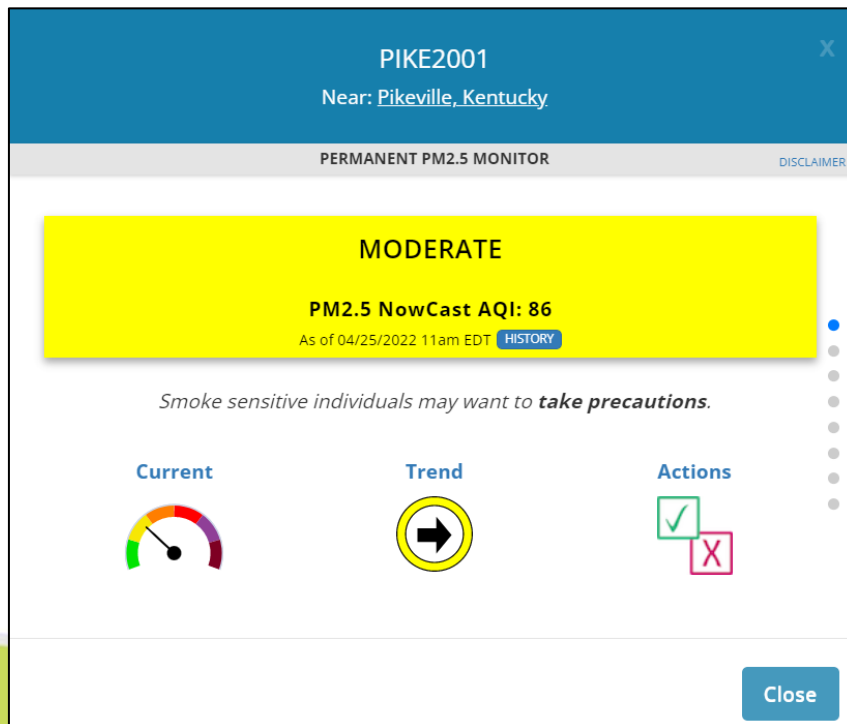
Air Quality Index categories

C = Concentration, *I* = Index (AQI)

Colors give a quick indicator of air quality without needing to understand the numbers and or equate numbers to risk

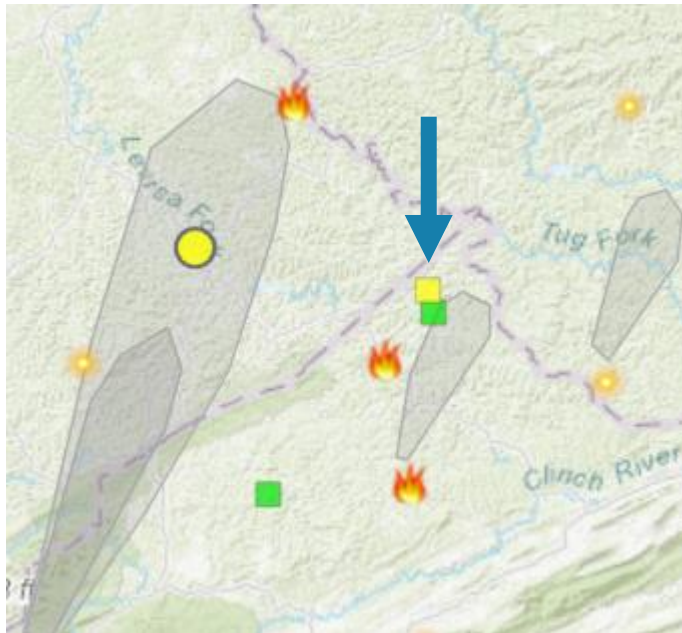
Monitor Specific Information

Clicking on an individual monitor provides additional information on local conditions

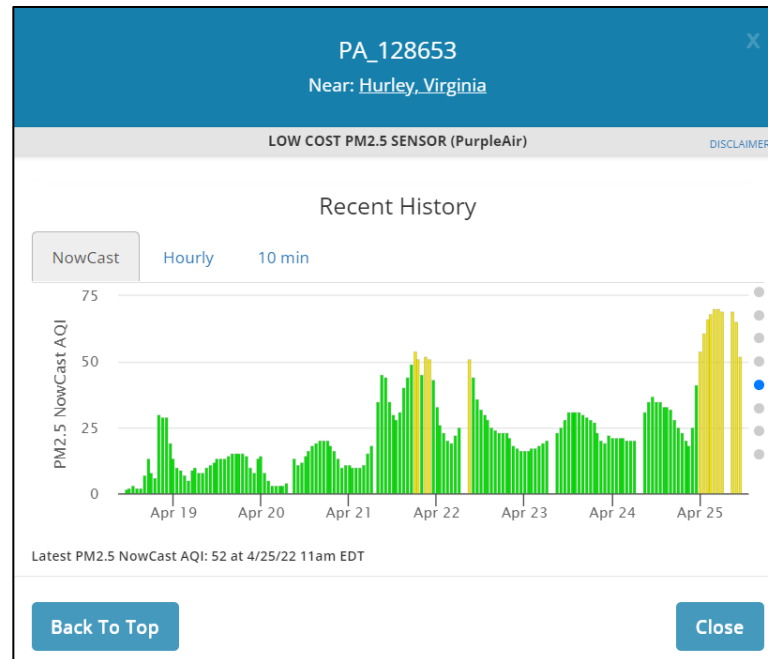


Sensor Specific Information

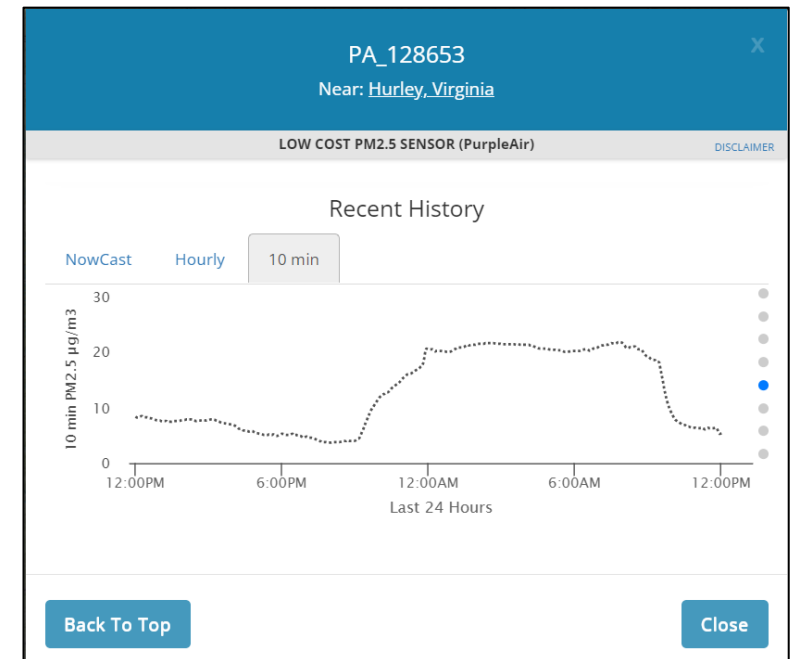
Selected PurpleAir sensor in the Appalachian mountains near the VA/KY/WV border (captured: 4/25/22)



NowCast averages help explain health risk by hour over the past week



10-min averages provide the most recent data from the past day to see where the concentration is trending



Data from low-cost sensors may have more uncertainty than monitors. However, comparison with other sensors, monitors, and information on the map can help interpretation.

Recommendations

Actions



PA_5622

Near: [Maple Falls, Washington](#)

LOW COST PM2.5 SENSOR (PurpleAir)

DISCLAIMER

Recommendations

Current NowCast: **UNHEALTHY**

Everyone: Keep outdoor activities light and short, monitor how you feel.

Sensitive groups*: Consider moving all activities indoors.

Go indoors to cleaner air if you don't feel well. [Learn more](#)

**Sensitive groups include people with heart or lung disease, older adults, children, and pregnant women.*

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Current NowCast: **GOOD**

Everyone: It's a good time to open windows or go outdoors.

Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take [action](#) especially if you don't feel well.

Current NowCast: **MODERATE**

Everyone: It's a good time to open windows or go outdoors.

Smoke sensitive Individuals: Consider keeping outdoor activities light and short.

Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take [action](#) especially if you don't feel well.

Current NowCast: **UNHEALTHY FOR SENSITIVE GROUPS**

Everyone: Consider lighter and shorter outdoor activities.

Sensitive groups*: Go indoors if you have symptoms.

Local conditions can change rapidly. Pay attention and take [action](#) especially if you don't feel well.

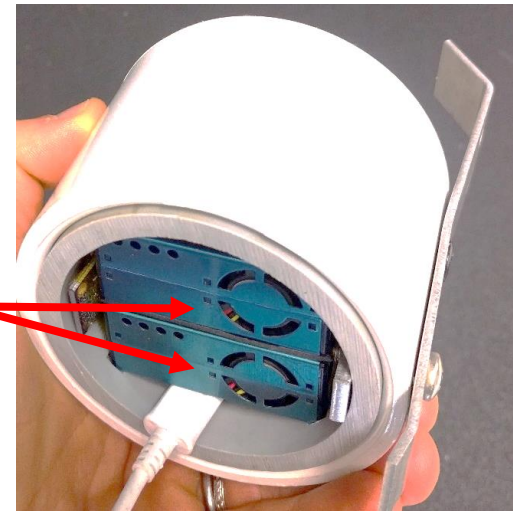
**Sensitive groups include people with heart or lung disease, older adults, children, and pregnant women.*

Plain language advice
on appropriate actions

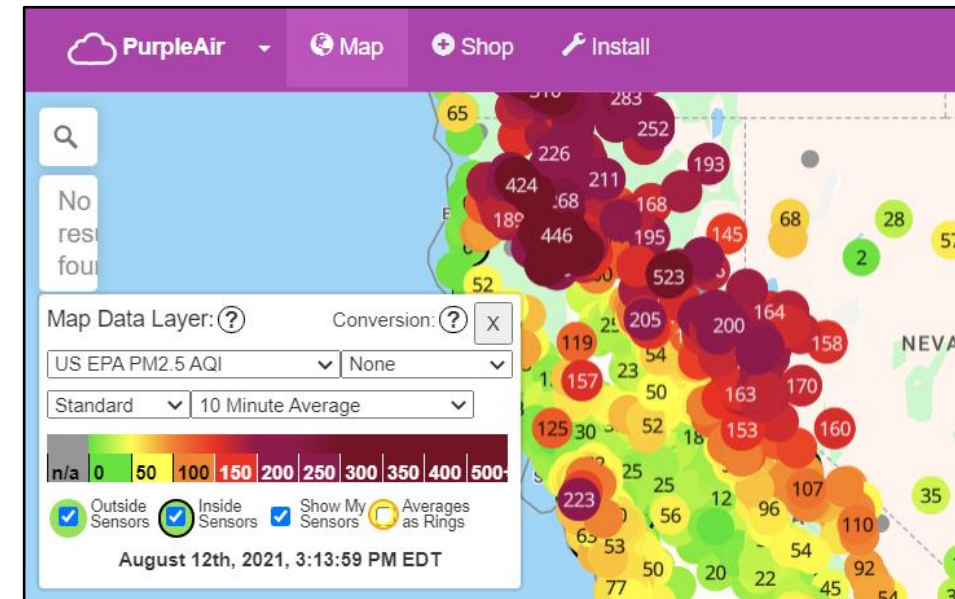
Sensors: Challenges

- Data quality assurance methods needed for apples-to-apples comparison with monitors
 - Crowdsourced data (unknown true location)
 - Exclusion when duplicate channels disagree
 - Correction required for bias and RH influence
- Communication: PurpleAir displays their information differently
 - NowCast vs. default 10-min averages

A & B channels



PurpleAir Sensor underside view

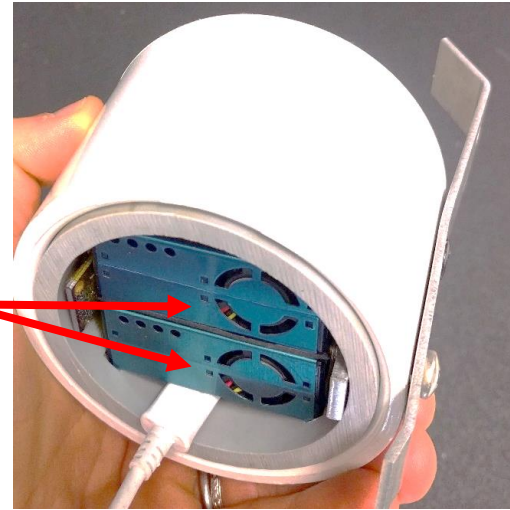


[PurpleAir.com/map](https://purpleair.com/map)

RH: Relative Humidity

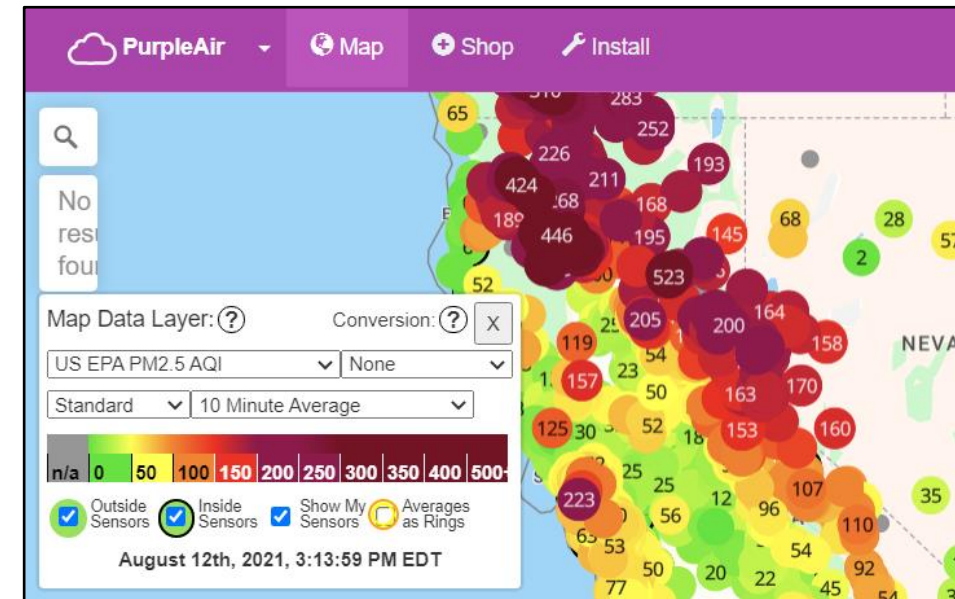
Sensors: Benefits

- Add valuable cost-effective spatial information to the map
- Allows users to make decisions from multiple sources



A & B channels

PurpleAir Sensor underside view

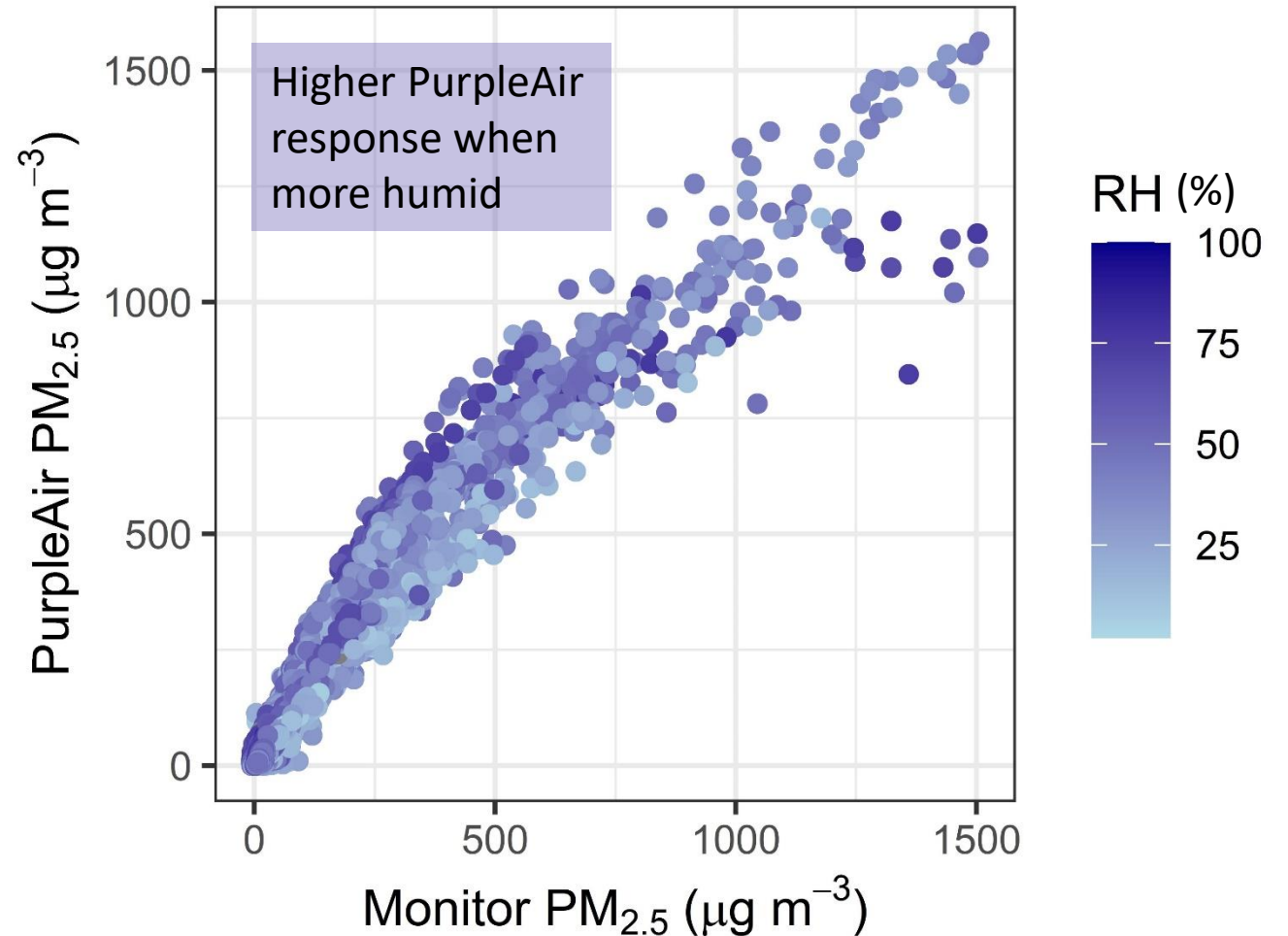


PurpleAir.com/map

Sensor Data Correction for the Fire and Smoke Map

- **Fits full range**
 - Important so that the map can be used during times of the year with and without smoke impacts
- **Considers relative humidity (RH) influence**
 - Important since monitors measure dry $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ and RH can increase light scattering per mass
- **Simple is better**
 - Want model to be broadly applicable and easy to interpret

PurpleAir monitor pairs from across the US

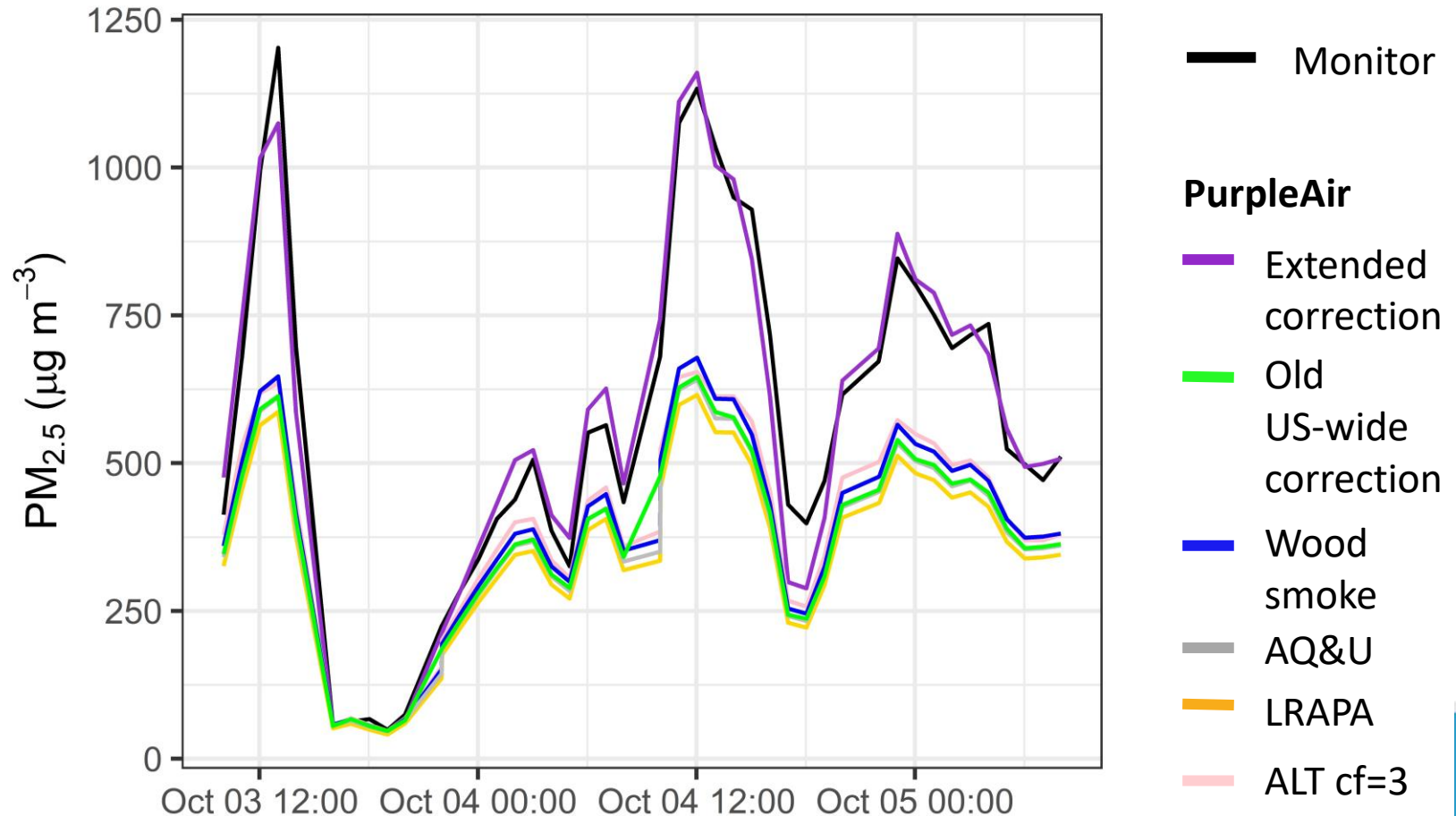


$\text{PM}_{2.5}$ = Fine particulate matter

Extended US-wide Correction

- **Linear +RH**
correction at low
concentration
transitions to
quadratic fit
- **Better agreement** for
both ambient and
smoke-impacted
concentrations

Comparison of Corrections on PurpleAir.com
Red Salmon Complex wildfire
Forks of Salmon, CA 2020



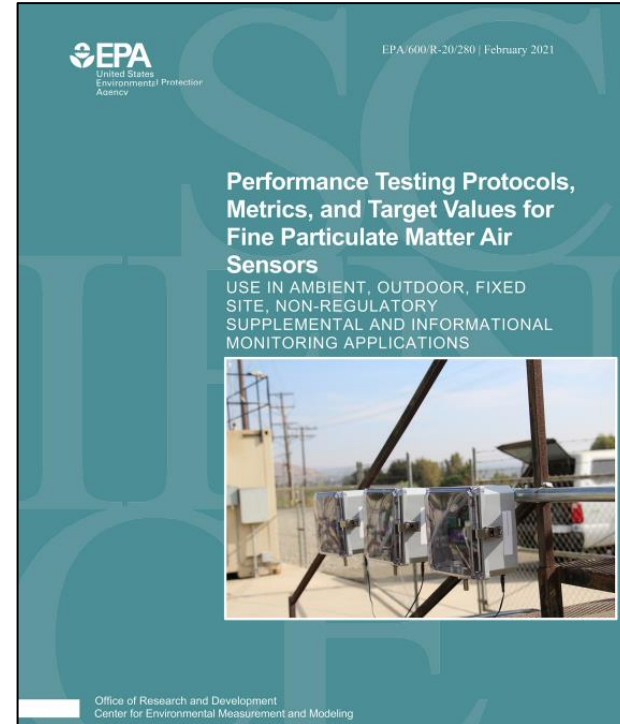
Recommendations for accurate smoke sensor networks

- **Evaluate sensors alongside monitors**

- At 1-hr averages – *higher time resolution data is important to understand smoke impacts*
- At PM_{2.5} concentrations up to 500 µg/m³
- In areas where the sensors are used – *across the city, region, or country depending on network size*
- Seasonally or more frequently
- See guidance in EPA's Performance Testing Protocols, Metrics, and Target Values Report¹

- **Corrections** may be needed to improve performance
- **Precision** between sensors of the same type is important
- **Monitors may also need additional quality control**
 - FEM or temporary smoke monitors

More details: <https://www.epa.gov/research-states/how-evaluate-air-sensors-smoke-monitoring-webinar-archive>



AirNow Fire and Smoke Map Team Effort

EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards

- Ron Evans
- John White
- Phil Dickerson
- Lourdes Morales (retired)
- Michelle Wayland
- Rob Wildermann
- Alison Davis
- Susan Stone
- Kristen Benedict

EPA Office of Research and Developement

- Amara Holder
- Andrea L. Clements
- Gayle Hagler

US Forest Service AirFire

- Sim Larkin
- Stuart Illson (University of Washington)
- Jonathan Callahan (Mazama Science)

US Forest Service

- Pete Lahm

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Resources and Contact Information



<https://www.epa.gov/air-sensor-toolbox>

Additional Questions

Contact:

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Sensor Performance, Evaluation and Use



- [Sensor Evaluation Results](#)
- [Standard Operating Procedures for Sensors](#)
- [Sensor Collocation Guide](#)
- [Sensor Performance Targets and Test Protocols](#)
- [Air Sensor Guidebook](#)
- [A Guide to Siting and Installing Air Sensors](#)

Understanding Your Sensor Data Readings



- [Technical Approaches for the Sensor Data on the AirNow Fire and Smoke Map](#)
- [Videos on Air Sensor Measurement, Data Quality and Interpretation](#)
- [RETIGO: Visualize Your Field Data](#)
- [Sensor Collocation Macro Analysis Tool](#)
- [Air Quality Information Exchange Workgroup Meeting Summaries](#)